## LATE NEWS BY WIRE

Two Delegations Called Upon President-Elect McKinley.

FLOWERS FROM A LITTLE MISSES' CLUB

Letters and Telegrams Piled Up in His Library.

FROM ALL OVER THE WORLD

CANTON, Ohio, November 7 .- Major Mc-Kinley had an early breakfast this morning. He was not astir, however, before the customary callers had well surrounded the house and clustered about so as to try to catch a glance at him through the windows. Mrs. McKinley was not well enough to be at the breakfast table.

The only noticeable worry of Major Mc Kinley through all the unprecedented work and strain he has been passing through has been when his wife has been unable to be at his side with her cheering presence. And there is no doubt that he is very anxious now to get her away from the never ending excitements necessarily attendant upon remaining in Canton at this

When Major McKinley went to his library he did not find his mail in its accustomed place. But letters came. They were piled on desks and tables. They numbered thousands. And telegrams continue to come in almost equal number, not only from all parts of the country, but from Americans principally, and others, too, from all parts of the world.

President-elect McKinley was greeted by two delegations this morning, and extended congratulations upon his election.

The first was composed of the Stark county court, county officials and attaches

of the court house. Mr. McKinley received the delegation in his library, where Judge McCarthy presented them in the following "Major McKinley, I wish on behalf of the county officials and attaches to congratu-

late you on your election to the highest office in the gift of the people."

A very pretty little delegation greeted the President-elect just after this. It was the Little Misses McKinley Club of Akron, which reached Canton at 10 o'clock via the Valley road. At the beginning of the cam-paign a score of girls of Akron organized a McKinley and Hobart Club. They had their meetings and discussions of various questions in the campaign. They came down to congratulate Major McKinley on his desired. gratulate Major McKinley on The party was presented by his election. The party was presented by Miss Ruth Ebright, who said: "Major McKinley, we, as a party of lit-

tle girls' offer you our heartiest congratuthe girls offer you our neartiest congratu-lations and present you these flowers (handing the major a bunch of chrysan-themums as a gift from the little folks), hoping that your life will continue to be as bright and pure as these flowers, which were painted by the hand of our Heavenly

Major McKinley accepted the flowers with a word of thanks. He then shook hands with each in the party. The delegation was included in a photograph with the county officials, with Mr. McKinley as the central figure. The Akron party left for nome at 12:30.

FIGHTING IN CUBA.

Spanish Reports of the Defeat of Comes and Garcia.

HAVANA, November 7.-Gen. Castella nos, with reinforcements of 3,000 troops from the province of Santiago de Cuba left his headquarters a few days ago and advanced in the direction of Cascorro, the town on the Nuevitas and Guamarille railroad, which, with the town of Guaimara, on the same road, both on the borders of the province of Puerto Principe, has been besieged for a long time past by the insurgents.

Cascorro and Guaimara were both reported to have fallen, but the former was said to have been relieved about a month ago by General Castellanos, and accord-ing to the latest advices from Puerto Principle, the general in command at that place has moved with a strong force to the relief of Guaimara.

Gen. Castellanos, a later report says, has been engaged with the insurgents under Gomez and Calixto Garcia and has broken their formation. No details of the engage-ment, however, are obtainable, owing to the lack of facilities for communicating with the Spanish troops.
The insurgents frists that the Spaniards have sustained serious defeats in that

Col. Arce, in charge of a convoy of fuel in the province of Santa Clara, has had several skirmishes with the insurgents, during which the latter left nineteen killed

## SOUTH DAKOTA RETURNS. Bryan Has a Plurality, but the Official

Count Will Be Necessary. MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., November 7 .- A Yankton, S. D., special to the Journal says: With the state complete except Hamlin and McPherson counties and three unorganized counties on the Sioux reservation. Bryan has a plurality in South Dakota of 45. Hamlin and McPherson will give Mc-Kinley pluralities, while the reservation counties are expected to go for Bryan. It will take the official canvass to settle South Dakota's electoral vote.

To Try the lows.

PHILADELPHIA, November 7.- The battle ship Iowa will be sent down the Delaware river from Cramp's ship yard Tuesday on her preliminary, or builder's, trial trip. The trial will take place off the Dela-

A French Churchman's Death.

PARIS, November 7.-Mgr. Maurice Le Sage d'Hauteroche d'Hulst, rector of the Catholic Institute of Paris, a prelate of the House of the Pope, honorary vicar general of the diocese of Paris, etc., is dead. He was born in 1841, and first entered the er of deputies in 1892, succeeding the late Mgr, Freppel, Bishop of Angers.

Killed by Exploding Boilers. ASHLAND, Pa., November 7 .- One man was killed, one fatally injured and three others badly hurt today by the explos the boilers in the Centralia colliery.

Vessel Lost, Crew Saved. BRISTOL, England, November 7.-The British steamer Tafna, Capt. Orchard, from Philadelphia, on October 20, for Sharpness, is ashore near the mouth of the Wye. The crew have been saved, but there is no prespect of getting the vessel off.

Death of Capt. Coston.

Capt. Henry H. Coston of the Marine Corps, retired, died yesterday afternoon at his home in Pensacoia, Fla. He contracted a severe cold during the late revolution in Chile from which he never re-covered. He will be buried in Pensacola.

New Traffic Regulations in China.

The bureau of navigation, Treasury Department, is advised that new regulations of foreign and Chinese traffic between Soochow and Hangehow have been established Information in detail regarding them can be obtained from the bureau by persons directly interested.

National bank notes received today for redemption, \$493,715. Government receipts-

Government Receipts. From internal revenue, \$369,942; customs, \$352,125; miscellaneous, \$21,144.

The Tennessee Figures.

Seventy-seven out of ninety-six counties in Tennessee heard from, officially and semi-officially, give Bryan 15,165 over Mc-Kinley. The remaining counties will probably increase the figures to 20,000. It is not believed they can reduce this lead. BONA-FIDE CIRCULATION.

A reference to the statement below will show that the circulation sworn to is a bona fide one.

It is easily possible for a newspaper with an elastic conscience to swell its legitimate circulation enormously, in order to deceive advertisers, by sending out thousands of papers to newsstands, which are returnable, and which are in fact returned, but nevertheless are included in what purports to be an honest statement of circulation.

Intelligent advertisers, however, judge by results, and bogus circulations don't give them.

The family circulation of The Star is many thousands in excess of any other Washington paper, and is believed to be fully five times that of our afternoon contemporary.

Circulation of The "Evening Star."

MONDAY, November 2, 1896......28,606 TUESDAY, November 3, 1896......49,385 WEDNESDAY, November 4, 1896......36,628 THURSDAY, November 5, 1896.....30,766 FRIDAY, November 6, 1996......29,167 

I solemnly swear that the above statement represents only the number of copies of THE EVEN-ING STAR circulated during the six secular days ending Friday, November 6, 1896-that is, the number of copies actually sold, delivered, furnished or mailed, for valuable consideration, to bona fide purchasers or subscribers, and that none of the copies so counted are returnable to or remain in the office unsold.

> J. WHIT. HERRON, Cashier Evening Star Newspaper Co.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this eventh day of November, A. D. 1896. E. E. RAMEY, Notary Public, D. C.

AFFAIRS IN GEORGETOWN.

Local Notes of General and Especial

Margera Milbury, a colored domestic, aged thirty, was taken to the station house this morning, shortly after 9 o'clock, by Policeman John Maher, upon complaint of her sister, Laura Hall, who lives at 2605 P street. The mind of the prisoner is thought to be affected, and she will be held until her mental condition can be examined into. For the past five years the unfortunate woman has been employed as a cook at Mrs. Gallier's, 3002 P street, but of late there have been indications that her mind was giving away. She has been sharpening an ax for some days past, with which to do harm to some supposed enemy. Her antics alarmed the people with whom she came in contact, and the police were asked to ake charge of there se when and

Notes. An interesting meeting in the interest of the Anti-Saloon League will be held at the Dumbarton Avenue M. E. Church tomorrow evening at 7:30 o'clock. Mr. Andrew Wilson, member of the District bar, and Mr. A.

N. Canfield, first vice president of the league, will deliver addresses. There will be special singing by the choir of the George Petersen, the youth who jumped from a trestle on the Great Falls road several days ago, as stated in The Star, has almost recovered from all serious effects of his calamity. He will, however, be forced

HONOR TO JUDGE MacARTHUR.

fore he will be all right.

to walk with crutches for fully a year be-

Testimonials to Him and Others Fron Their Associates of the District Bar. A largely attended meeting of the members of the District bar was held this afternoon in the old Circuit Court room at the city hall Action was taken in honor of the memory of Judge Arthur MacArthur, a retired member of the District Supreme Court, and Samuel Shellabarger, John D. McPherson and John F. Ennis, members of he local har for many years.

Asks an Accounting.

John A. Hamilton, as administrator of the estate of the late James L. Barbour. today filed a bill in equity against Richard . Earnshaw, praying for an accounting relative to all transactions between Mr. Earnshaw and Mr. Barbour during the latter's lifetime and since his death. Mr. Earnshaw was employed by Mr. Barbour to assist him in the conduct of the business of the Washington Flour and Feel Company at a guaranteed salary of \$2,400 a year. The administrator claims that there is due the estate from Mr. Earnshaw the sum of \$1,304.92, and therefore asks for an accounting under the direction of the court. Attorney Clarence A. Brandenberg represents the complainant.

Death of Wm. H. Brown.

Wm. H. Brown, colored, for years well known to the citizens of Washington, and better known as the "navy yard man," died Thursday evening, and will be laid to rest at Arlington Heights tomorrow.

Murder Trial.

"Lum" Fearson, indicted for the murder of John L. Ford last August, will be placed on trial some day during the coming week, probably on Thursday. He will be tried before Judge Cole, and Mr. Andrew Y. Bradley has been assigned to defend the alleged murderer. Mr. Thos. C. Taylor will assist Mr. Bradley. Fearson shot Ford in Georgetown in a quarrel over a woman, it is claimed, and the government expects to convict him of the offense charged.

To Enforce Judgment.

To enforce a judgment of \$478.08, the Cliff Paper Company of New York today filed a bill in equity against John G. Slater and others, Attorneys Mackall & Maedel representing the complainants.

Exciting Accident.

This morning about 8 o'clock there was an exciting accident at Connecticut avenue and M street in which a wagon from Fort Myer and an electric car of the Metropolitan company figured. Stewart Amos was motorman and Charles Walker conductor of the car, while Jesse Thornton and Charles Bailey, from the fort, were in the wagon. With them was a boy named William Payle, who lives at 1534 Valley street, and he was the only one injured. He received severe scalp wounds and was also cut and bruised about the face. A physician dressed his wounds and he was sent home. Fort Myer officials will have to purchase a new wagon and harness. norses were not injured.

Anti-Saloon Mass Meetings.

A mass meeting, under the auspices of the Anti-Saloon League of the District of Columbia, is to be held tomorrow at First Congregational Church, as the first of a series of central anti-saloon rallies continuing the remainder of the month.

Granted a Divorce.

Judge Cox today granted Mary F. Kenton a divorce from Henry C. Kenton, because of the husband's desertion and abandonment of his wife. The court gave Mrs. Kenton the custody and control of the

A Mile in 58 3-5 Seconds. Riding a wheel geared to 120 on a down hill grade, with a strong wind at his back Stanley Barrows, an amateur bicycle rider Thursday, at Denver, rode a mile in 383-5 seconds. Although he was closely timed by two men, the record will not be recognized by the L. A. W., as the trial had not been officially sanctioned.

ISSUES OF THE CAMPAIGN. Commendation of The Star.

To the Editor of The Evening Star: From one who has been a faithful reade of The Star for many years, and who would now like to join in the general commendation of its course during the recent campaign, a few more words relative to

the issues involved may not be amiss.

It has been said that no party was ever

born to live that had not as its vital prin-

ciple an inherent constitutionality; that for

its growth and vigor a party of the people

must be possessed of sound constitutional

principles. And rothing shows this more

clearly than the recent defeat of the so-

called people's party, under the tempo-

rarily captured name of the democratic

Our two great instruments of principles

ers on that occasion were workingmen, and

the victims the capitalists, the so-called oppressors of the people, but the writer believes had their position been reversed

and the capitalists the marguders, bent upon destroying the goods and property of the laboring men, the President would have

been as quick and as stern in his rebuke Why? Because in the broader branch o

the democratic party which he represent are recognized the constitutional principle

of the rights of persons, of property, o

the will of the majority, and of obedience to these principles. And the sending of troops to put down the Chicago riots in the sum-

mer of 1894 will rank in history with the

call for troops by President Lincoln when Sumter was fired upon, and give glory to the name of Grover Cleveland.

PHYSICIANS' LICENSES.

Violation Case to Come Up in the

Police Court.

Health Officer Woodward today issues

two licenses to physicians, the first issued

under the new law. They were issued to

Franz I. R. Jung and Leigh H. French

Under the law, which has been in operation

five months, a fee of \$10 is charged for ex-

amination and license. There is a prosecu

tion pending in the Police Court against

doctor for practicing without the necessary

license. This case comes up next week, and

the health officer is looking forward to the

decision of the court with much interest.

The physicians who were registered before

this law went in operation are not required to undergo an examination. The necessity for such a law, Health Offi-

cer Woodward thinks, was fully illustrate

ed a short time ago, when a supposed cass of diphtheria was called to his attention

The patient, who had been to see the doc

tor, was sent by the doctor to the healt

office with a note. In this note the phy-sician expressed the belief that the patien

was suffering from diphtheria, and sent the sick man in person to the office.

RAILROAD RUMORS.

by Capital Traction Company.

Rumors of impending changes in some of

the highest offices in the Capital Traction

Company have been in circulation for the

past two or three days, but can be traced

to no authoritative sources. An interesting

feature of the gossip was the declaration

that the company intended to request Mr.

Samuel L. Phillips to assume the respon-sibility of placing an underground electric

system in the conduits of the company is

of this report, however, were evidently un-

aware that Mr. Phillips has permanently

Thrown by a Wire.

In a suit filed by him today against the

District and against the Chesapeake and

Potomac Telephone Company Wm. H.

Dempsey, jr., claims \$20,000 damages, be-

cause of injuries alleged to have been suf-

fered by him the 25th of last September

Mr. Dempsey says that the telephon

company had a pole in an alley on the

north side and one in an alley on the south

side of K street near the corner of 16th

street, on which poles the company had strung wires. Through the carelessness

and negligence of the company, he charges, the wires fell down so that a loop was made over the street. While slowly riding his bicycle along K street about 6 p.m.

on the day in question, he says that he sud

denly ran into the wire. It struck him, he says, in the mouth, knocking out his

teeth and badly cutting his mouth and line

besides causing violent concussion of the body. It was the duty of the District, says

Mr. Dempsey, to keep the street clear and free of all such obstructions, and he there-

fore claims that both the District and con

pany are liable for the damages claimed.

Richard R. Beall.

northeast.

Mr. Dempsey is represented by Attorney

Chased by a Crowd.

Considerable excitement was occasioned

by a large crowd of men and boys chasing

a fleet-footed colored youth through C

street above 9th this morning. There were

cries of "Stop him," "Stop thief" and kin-

dred exclamations from the pursuers, but

the fugitive made his way safely to 11th

street, turning south and disappearing in

the park of wagons at the wholesale mar-

ket. The colored boy had engaged in a controversy with a white peddler at the

reservation on 9th street near the Bijou

Opera House, and ended it by knocking the peddler down and taking to his heels.

A warrant was issued this afternoon for

the arrest of Policeman Claudius B. Pey-

ton of the ninth precinct on complaint of

Mr. Van B. Norwood of 1234 Duncan street

Mr. Norwood was arrested last evening

by Policeman Peyton, it is said, because

he remarked to the latter, "Why don't you

pay that d— man what you owe him? The case was dismissed, Judge Kimball lec

Small Fire.

Today between 11 and 12 o'clock an alarm

of fire from box 212 called out several com

panies of the fire department to extinguish

houses are occupied by T. F. Minter, J. W.

the fire started no one seems to know, no is it known where it originated. The three

sheds, however, were demolished, and Ma

says the damage will amount to less than

Marriage Licenses.

affair created considerable excitement

building caught fire.

turing Peyton for making the arrest.

saulted him without cause.

because of a fallen telephone wire.

retired from active business.

AMERICA.

FUTURE OF PARTIES

Two Democratic Factions Will Struggle to Control. WHERE FREE COINAGE WILL

Will Probably Land With Bryan in the Populist Camp.

CHANGES POSSIBLE

and guarantees are the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution of the United States, which perfected to the world the rights of freemen wrested from the kings by Magna Charta, and the paternal-Now that the election is over politicians are turning their attention to the future ism or socialism of the people's party is neither more nor less than the relegation of the rights of the people, so dearly bought of parties that have been split up in the contest just completed. The great tug-ofand so securely won, back to the authority of the government, and which would some war will be between the two factions of the democratic party. The vote given Mr. day fall prey to a strong hand possessed by an ambitious person, and we would—we the people of these United States—would Bryan Tuesday was the combined strength of the populists, free silver republicans and have our dictator, king or emperor, and be sending our Li Hung Changs around the world to represent "his imperial majesty." democrats. When the populists and free silver republicans return to their own party organizations, which nearly all the popu-There is a wide difference between the government that would absorb the rights o lists will do, as well as those republicans who hold fast to the protective tariff policy, the people and the government that pro tects them. But perhaps worse than the socialism of the people's party was the there will, it is figured, be quite an equal fighting strength between free silver and anarchy of one branch of the democratic party—the indorsement of the defiance of gold democrats. Each Faction Anxious for Control. governor of a state to federal authority and never did President Cleveland stand endeared to the hearts of the people as he does today in the rejoicing over the downfall of Altgeldism. When President Cleveland telegraphed to Altgeld that "this is the hour for action, not for theories," he showed himself the man of the people and of the age—a manly man, an executive officer who knew his duty and did it; who understood the constitutionality of his party and defended it. It is true the offend

Of course, each of these factions in anxions to get control of the regular machinery of the party, as the "regular" organization will be able to swing the great body of the democracy into line. Under ordinary circumstances this fight for supremacy would be deferred until the next convention for the nomination of a presidential candidate meets, the result depending upon the change of sentiment that takes place during the next four years. The gold democrats have no intention of giving up the struggle to control the regular democracy, and it is believed that before long an effort will be made looking to calling a democratic con-vention for the purpose of declaring the principles of the regular democracy and forcing other democrats into line. This course would be a little unusual; but it is the unusual that has happened in the political world lately, and the silver democrats are thoroughly imbued with the idea that this move will be made by the gold element of their party in order to get into shape for 1900. They say the gold democrats believe that when the dampening effect of defeat is over, all their sober judgment will favor the handling of the silver question in a conservative manner, especially as it will be urged that free silver wrecked democratic hopes for four years at least.

Would Have to Take Action. Silver men would be called to take positive action were the movement to call a democratic convention put on foot by gold democrats. They would have to choose between two courses. They would have to go to work vigorously, elect their delegates and try to control the convention, or they would have to regard it as not binding on the democracy and ignore it, claiming that they would be on hand at their regular con-vention for the nomination of a presidential ticket. The latter course would probably be adopted, as it could hardly be expected that silver democrats would respond a call from the gold men of their party. whom they hold responsible for their

The Speakership Nominee. When the next Congress meets there will probably be a tug-of-war over the nomination of a candidate for the speakership, which bonor is always accorded to a leader of the minority. The death of ex-Speaker Crisp makes an open field for the candidates for this honor, and both the silver and the gold democrats will make an effort to name the man. It will be considered a great victory for the faction that wins, though the present indications are largely in favoriof a silver man. Only in the event to the background in the democratic party could the victory be won by a gold man or a conservative bimetallist.

Where the Silver Issue Will Go. These conditions cause politicians to won der where the free silver issue will go. If the gold men get hold of the party machinery there is but one place for it to land, and that is within the populist party, where it would be unanimously received with approval, as that party has always held the free silver issue as one of the chief planks in its platform. The possibility of this condition existing is giving rise to much speculation regarding Mr. Bryan's political future. Of course he could not exist as a man of any influence in a party under the control of gold men, and those who believe that the latter may get hold of the party machinery of the regular democ-racy declare that such action could not fail to force Mr. Bryan out and into the ranks of the populists. This result would really be welcomed by the populists, and Senator Bufler has expressed his belief that should there have been a three-cornered fight last Tuesday between the populists, gold democrats and republicans, with Mr. Bryan as the presidential nominee of the populists, there would have been a greater vote polled for Bryan and free silver than was the case. Mr. Butler argues that the republi-cans under such an arrangement would not have got any democratic votes, while more free silver republicans would have left their party to espouse the cause of free silver within the ranks of the populist party. He reaches this conclusion because thinks it is harder for a man to leave his party and go into the ranks of an old party, which he has long been fighting, than same argument would doubtless be made to Mr. Bryan to induce him to lead the free silver men in another party should the democracy and the republicans both repudi-ate free silver, and the fact that the populists have figured so prominently in a na-tional fusion has done much to give that

organization stability. Probable Republican Action. Of course, the republican party is stronger as an organization today than any other party, when the elements that have supported Mr. Bryan are regarded as merely a temporary part of his strength, which will be, as in the past, an independent ele-ment in politics. There is a very general take action with a view to giving them the support of bimetallists that have stood into the fold free silver men who support-ed Mr. Bryan, but who are not at home in the democratic party because of their ideas on the tariff. It is not thought that any suggestion for the coinage of the American product of silver will receive any material support by the republicans, but it is be-lieved that Mr. McKinley will in his first message, to Copgress recommend the for-mation of a commission for the advance-ment of international bimetallism, and this commission will doubtless be appointed in accordance with the promise held out by accordance with the profiles lied out by the republican platform, which pledges that party to do all possible to secure interna-tional bimetallism. Radical free silver men expect no result from the work of such expect no result from the work of such a commission, but there are many republicans who declare their belief that it might become successful in securing coaction of European countries looking to the free coinage of silver, in which event they express themselves as perfectly confiden

that they would have a walkover in the elections of 1999. Important Changes Possible. These Questions concerning the possible developments that may determine the fate flames in wood sheds in rear of Nos. 1212 of parties in diffe are freely discussed by 1214 and 1216 8th street northwest. The men of all political faiths, and all agree that there are large opportunities for very Harris and Mrs. Fingles, respectively, How important changes in political organiza-tions. There is one card, however, that republicans are looking upon as most impublicans are looking upon as most important. If business revives to the degree of activity that prevailed in 1890, and is maintained in healthy condition, they do not fear the silver question in 1900, but feel \$300. It is thought that hot ashes thrown in the shed may have caused the fire. The sure that whatever may be accomplished on that issue by international agreement the neighborhood, and attracted a large crowd. One of the buildings is used as a or otherwise, they will be sure winners in 1900, for they will simply say the republi-can party brings good times; therefore, vote stable, but the horses were out when the for the republican party and don't bother about details. But if there should not be sufficient revival of business by the time From Life. of the next national contest over the pres-Marriage licenses have been issued to idency many people will still be examining political medicine of all kinds, hoping to get Harold B. Rees of New York city and Elizabeth S. Compton of Laurel, Md., and to Isaac W. Caldwell of Lerona, W. Va., and Annie Fynan of this city. relief from something of a radical character, and a condition of doubt will pre-vail.

REVOLTING AFFAIR.

Charge of Assault Against Young Henry B. Anderson. A case of indecent assault, the testimony being fraught with details of the most revolting nature, occupied the entire session of Judge Miller's branch of the Police Court today. Mary Scully, a young woman, twenty-three years of age, formerly employed at the Hotel Raleigh, was the prosecuting witness against Henry B. Anderson, nineteen years of age. Thomas Kelly was

jointly charged with Anderson,

Anderson is the proprietor of a grocery and meat store at 45 G street. He was arand meat store at 45 G street. He was arrested for indecent assault yesterday by Detective Hartigan, on complaint of Miss Scully. The latter resides at 808 14th street northeast with her mother.

When the case was called in court today Miss Scully took the stand and stated that she has known Anderson for several months. While calling at her house, she said, Anderson took from her a pocket book containing eighty-seven cents, and she visited the store Thursday evening for the purpose of securing a return of the

the purpose of securing a return of the

Money.

According to the story of the witness, Anderson induced her to enter a shed in the rear of the store, and there attempted to criminally acsault her. About that time Kelly entered the shed. The latter claimed to be a policeman and told the witness that she was under arrest. Kelly left, contentity to call a patrol warren and Appears to the story of estensibly to call a patrol wagon, and Anderson took the wirness into a room in the rear of the store, locked the door and again rear of the store, locked the door and again attempted to assault her. Kelly returned and had pinned on his breast a piece of paper to imitate a badge. He told her that he would take her to the station if she did not submit to his wishes. Witness screamed "murder" several times.

The girl was finally permitted to depart. She mat Mr. W. T. Frans. a metable as a final state of the state of the

She met Mr. W. T. Evans, a watchman in one of the departments, who escorted her to a street car. She went home and related what had happened to her mother. On cross-examination Miss Scully said Anderson had attempted to criminally assault her once before, about three weeks after she had first met him. He had never

succeeded.

Miss Scully finally admitted that Anderon had accomplished his purpose Thursday vening and prior thereto. Anderson said he first saw Miss Scully in June, when she visited his place.

Thursday last Miss Scully called at the store, and he went to a neighboring saloon with her. They had a glass of beer, and

returned to the store. She willingly accompanied him to the shed in the rear, and made no objection to anything that transpired. Kelly suddenly appeared and another transpired bisself are appeared and another transpired. nounced himself as a policeman. Kelly denied that he had assaulted the girl in any manner whatsoever.

"It seems very possible," said Judge Miller, "that this was a nicely planned little game on the part of Anderson to pre-vent this girl from troubling him or insisting that he marry her. He probably thought that if he could so arrange it to have the girl seen by a witness under guilty circumstances, and should make her be-lieve that he put up collateral and effected her release thereby, she would stand in fear of him, and leave him alone in the fu-

Attorney Sillers claimed an acquittal for Anderson on the ground that a case of assault had not been made out.

"The impersonation of a policeman is the convicting element in this case," ruled Judge Miller. "Anderson can pay a fine of \$25 and costs." Kelly demanded a jury trial and was required to give bonds in the sum of \$300 for his appearance.

SUPERSTITION AND INSURANCE, urious Views Taken of the Matter From Religious Motives.

When life insurance was first introduced some persons looked upon it as a violation of divine law, which prohibited any proposition to make compensation for passing away to eternal rest, in defiance of the will and act of the Supreme Being. It was thought to raise the presumption that the pelicy writer could control life as he did personalities, and the impression existed that a contract was to be entered into to buy them a life for a monetary consideration.

This superstition yet exists among some people, illustrated as follows: An aged olored pastor once consulted an insurance agent about obtaining a policy upon his life. He made inquiry if there was not some other way by which he could secure an inheritance for his family, for he said, as God had given him his life he had come to the conclusion that it would be a viola-tion of religion to intrust it to a corporation of religion to intrust it to a corpora-tion that had no soul, and it seemed like tempting Providence to enter into contract with a corporation on mere speculation. Possibly this plous man was under the impression that he was on a straight transit route to heaven and possessed means to enter its gates, which might be prevented by an impious act such as he declared would be the acceptance of a policy on his place any respect on the indemnity prom ised, whether it was to be in gold or silver 16 to 1, but said that he was confident that his reward in future life could not be granted by any man or association.

It is not intended to be understood that such thesis is now prevalent in civilized communities, for those who neglect to make provision for those dependent on them after passing away commit as great a sin as the plous minister apprehended he would have been guilty of had he accepted a policy on his life.

DETECTING A MALINGERER A Shrewd Way to Protect an Insurance Company.

The person who shams sickness or a bodily defect or injury is technically known as a malingerer. Malingering as a fine art has caused the accident insurance companies much trouble and expense first and last, but the progress of science makes it easier year by year to detect cases of malingering and to baffle the unholy schemes of those that indulge in it. A remarkable case of such detection is related of a man who claimed an injury while at work which had caused him to lose the sight of his left eye. The case was brought to trial, and an eminent oculist proved him a perjurer Knowing that colors red and green make black, the specialist introduced a black card on which there were a few words written with green ink. The supposed oneeyed man was then directed to glasses, the one for the left eye consisting of ordinary glass, while the one for the right eye being red. He was then handed the card and told to read what was writ-ten on it. He did this without hesitation, and the cheat was exposed. The of the jury tried the glasses, and on cov-ering up the plain glass over the left eye they could not read the writing, the green ink and the red glass making the entire card appear black. The man had read the writing with his pretended sightless left

COMPRESSED AIR EXPERIMENTS. Traction Managers Much Interested From the Engineering Record.

The Manhattan elevated railroad in New York city is to experiment with the use of compressed air for traction purposes, the American Air-Power Company being now engaged in installing an air compressing plant consisting of a Corliss compound engine drivirg a four-stage air compressor at No. 100 Greenwich street, New York city. The company will also supply one motor car for drawing a train over the elevated tracks, and upon it the experiments will be made. The motor car is ready, and only awaits the completion of the power house. As has been noted before, the Metropolitan Street Rallway Company is said to be very favorably impressed with the working of the compressed air car operated for a time upon one of its lines. It is now given out that the possibility of the adoption of this system of propelling cars rests with Chief Engineer Pearson, who sailed for Europe a few days ago with the intention of looking into the compressed air plants in Paris and

An Urgent Case.

Patient-"If you don't get me well, doctor, you are likely to be stuck." Doctor-"How's that?" "I haven't enough money to pay both you

and the undertaker."

New Through Line From Baltimore to the South.

Beceivers' Certificates for the Baltimore and Ohio Road-A Rumor Denied - New Office.

Arrangements are, it is said, today being made in Baltimore for the establishment of a new through line from Baltimore via Washington to Louisville, Memphis and New Orleans.

The companies interested are the Baltimore and Ohio, Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern and the Illinois Central, and the route followed will take in many large cities and towns, besides those named. among them being Parkersburg, W. Va.: Cincinnati, Jackson, Tenn.; Jackson, Miss., and many others, while branch lines already constructed reach numerous important places that will doubtless act as profitable feeders.

The new line will be almost 1,500 miles long, but it is expected that the entire distance will be covered by the fast ex-press trains in about thirty-six hours, Passengers to and from New York will be

More Certificates.

Judge Morris of the United States circuit court at Baltimore yesterday signed an order requiring all persons interested to show cause, before November 20, if any they have, why the receivers of the Baltimore and Ohio should not be authorized to issue additional receivers' certificates to the amount of \$650,000

In their petition to the court the re ceivers stated that "the money is needed to make much-needed improvements on the Pittsburg division, and is to be expended as follows: Terminals at Pittsburg, \$320,700; side tracks, \$143,800; new yard at Connellsville, with five miles of yard tracks, \$30,000; reservoirs at Layton's, Griffin, Robbins and Glencoe, \$12,500; construction of line between Foley's and Fairhope Bridge, \$100,000; new steel bridges, \$60,000; arching tunnel, \$30,000; reconstruction of roadway be tween Connellsville and Pittsburg, \$53,000. The receivers further state that "these improvements have been contemplated for a long time, and that steps were taker several years ago to make them. The terminals at Pittsburg are not sufficient to accommodate the traffic, and the addi-tional tracks are greatly needed for the prompt running of trains and the handling of traffic. At the present time, it is claim-ed, the want of them is the cause of delays and expense in both freight and pas-

senger traffic.
The \$100,000 asked for to construct the line between Foley's and Fairhope is to avoid 'Falls Cut,' which is known as a

timbered cut. It was stated in explanation to the cour that the side of the mountain above has broken away and is supported only by timbroken away and is supported only by tim-bers, and that these timbers are liable to be burned. Should this occur and they give way the result would be that the road would be closed for several months. It is proposed to avoid this by making a tunnel 500 feet long. The bridges asked for are needed in place of wooden ones and the other improvements are deemel

Receiver Murray of the Baltimore and Ohio yesterday appointed Mr. J. H. Maddy, formerly of the Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune and who has also done some work in Washington for that paper, to be press agent for the Baltimore and Ohia and Baltimore and Ohlo Southwestern Railway Companies, with headquarters at the Cen tral huilding in Baltimore.

The office is a new one and the duties of

New Office.

Mr. Maddy will be as his title would suggest—the preparation of news relating to the affairs of the two companies for the press and the giving of it out to the papers event has transpired. It is stated that Mr. Murray has for

some time past felt that there ought to be an official for the dissemination of such news as the companies interested saw proper to give to the public and the ac tion taken yesterday by him was the result. Mr. Maddy has, it is stated, had over eleven years' experience in the newspaper business, and is thoroughly familiar with the composition and editing of railroad news.

Rumor Denied.

Certain sensational newspapers in the west have given currency to a report that Mr. Charles O. Scull, who for nearly ten years has been general passenger agent of the Baltimore and Ohia, was to be superseded snortly by Mr. W. C. Renealson of the Circinnatt. New Orleans and Texas Pacific Railway Company. The attention of Receiver Murray was yesterday called to the rumor and he at once emphatically stated that the report was untrue and that no change was contemplated in the passenger department. Those who know Mr. Sculi believe that there could hardly be any basis for the report, as he is re-garded in railroad circles as one of the est equipped passenger men in the United

A large number of prominent officials of the Baltimore and Ohio, including the superintendents of the various divisions be ween Philadelphia and Chicago and St Louis are at Cumberland today arranging winter schedule of passenger trains throughout the system.

Dead Body Found. North American.
Ont. & Western.
Pacific Mail.
Phila. & Reading.
Pullman P. C. Co. The dead body of an unknown man was found late this afternoon underneath the M street bridge crossing Rock creek. Pullman P. C. Co.... Southern Ry., Pfd... Phila. Traction... Texas Pacific....

Good Enough for Her.

From the New York Weekly. Testy Old Gent-"Huh? Do you think you can support my daughter in the style to which she has been accustomed?" Young Suitor-"Well, no; but I can support her in the style to which her mother was accustomed for a good many years after she married you."
Old Gent (subdued)—"Take her, my son,

Baltimore Markets.

and be happy.'

Baltimore Markets.

Baltimore Markets.

BALTIMORE, November 7.—Flour firm, unchanged—receipts, 12,929 barrels; exports, 22,743 barrels; sales, 275 barrels. Wheat strong and higherspot and month, 83½a83¾; December, 85½; steamer No. 2 red, 79½a75¾—receipts, 3,714 bushels; exports, 25,000 bushels; stock, 686,975 bushels; sales, 22,000 bushels—southern wheat by sample, 83a85, do. on grade, 80a84. Corn strong and higherspot, month and November and December, new and old, 30a30½; January, 30½a31; February, 31½a32; steamer mixed, 28a28¾—receipts, 56,127 bushels; exports, 227,223 bushels; stock, 1,254,709 bushels; sales, 2,000 bushels—southern white corn, 28a30; sales, 2,000 bushels—southern white corn, 28a30; exports, 227,223 bushels; stock, 1,254,709 bushels; sales, 2,000 bushels—southern white corn. 28a30; do. yellow, 27a29. Oats quiet and steady—No. 2 white, 26a264; No. 2 mixed, 224ga23—receipts, 43,468 bushels; exports, none; stock, 1,585,768 bushels. Rye firm—No. 2 nearby, 41a42; western, 434ga44—receipts, 18,439 bushels; exports, none; stock, 187,901 bushels. Hay firm—good to cholee timothy, \$13,00,\$13,50. Grain freights active, unchanged. Sugar strong—granulated, 4,45 per 100 pounds. Butter steady, unchanged. Eggs and choses firm. Sugar strong granulated, 4.45 per Butter steady, unchanged. Eggs and unchanged. Whisky unchanged.

Government Bonds. Quotations reported by Corson & Macart-Bid. Asked

2 per cents, registered.
4 per cents, coupon of 1907...
4 per cents, registered of 1907...
4 per cents, coupon of 1925...
4 per cents, registered of 1925...
5 per cents, coupon of 1904...
5 per cents, coupon of 1904...
Currency 6 per cents of 1904... 100% 120% 120% 112% 112% Currency 6 per cents of 1897......
Currency 6 per cents of 1898......
Currency 6 per cents of 1898...... Grain and Cotton Market.

Furnished by W. B. Hibbs & Co., 1421 F street, members New York stock exchange correspondents Messrs. Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., New York. GRAIN

Close. 75% 825% 25% 19% 7.95 8.25 4.32 4.55 3.00 4.12 Open. High. Low. Close. 7.85 7.87 7.84 7.85 7.94 7.98 7.93 7.96 7.99 8.02 7.99 8.91 8.06 8.09 8.04 8.06 Month.

## PROJECTED RAILROAD FINANCE AND TRADE

Strongly Marked Confidence in Future

Prosperity.

HIGHEST PRICES OF THE SEASON

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

Sentiment Favorable for a Con-

tinued Improvement.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

NEW YORK, November 7.-Confidence in future prosperity was strongly marked at the close of teday's short speculative session. The accumulation of commission orders over night resulted in a strong opening level, from which further substantial gains were made. Investment buying was a conspicuous feature of the trading and encouraged an extension of the professional movement in the long account. In many instances the highest prices of the season were recorded during the final hour.

Fears of significant setbacks have been reduced to a minimum, the Cuban controversy alone being considered a probable source of apprehension to investors. Today's advices on this point were almost unanimously against the probability of any radical change in the status of this con-troversy during the remainder of the present administration. General trade conditions are responding to the growing evi-dences of assured prosperity, and values will not be allowed to recede far without

attracting buyers.

The security market is henceforward to The security market is henceforward to be judged by new standards and not by the narrow gauge of pessimism set up during a protracted period of speculative fright. Capital is again confident, and daily fluctuations will not be permitted to overthrow confidence in final results. Money is certain to find its way back into the banks and avoings institutions and prohibition. and savings institutions, and prohibitive interest rates are consequently eliminated as a factor. The weekly statement of bank averages

The weekly statement of bank averages reflects today the final effects of the money scare, now happily past. The total loss in lawful money is shown to be \$4,655,000, notwithstanding a gain of \$924,500 in specie holdings. This hoarding of legal tenders is credited largely to the ante-election with drawals of out-of-town banks, and should be corrected during the coming week.

A decrease of \$4,070,700 in loans is due

to an enforced reduction growing out of the demand for cash by scared depositors. A decrease of more than \$8,000,000 in de-posits is the logical result of the decreases in the foregoing items. A decrease of \$2,652,825 in reserve brings the surplus above the legal requirement down to \$14,-No special significance was attached to the adverse summary of the week's banking operations, confidence in an immediate

reflection of favorable conditions prevail-ing in all quarters. Gold has been paid out for pecurities in considerable volume dur-ing the week, the daily deposits with bankers and brokers since the opening of business on Wconesday showing a liberal sprinkling of the yellow metal. A fair estimate of the gold hoarded during the continuation of the import movement puts the amount at \$40,000,000. The addition of such a sum to the circulating medium will not be indifferently recognized in the course The net results of the day's trading reflects gains varying from 1-2 to 11-2 per cent. Burlington, Manhattan, Sugar and Chicago Gas being among the more prom-

disappointment exist, but the rebound should be extremely prompt.

inent features. The prevailing sentiment is fayorable to a continuation of the im-provement. Disappointment as to the vol-

ume of commission buying may cause tem-porary recessions should occasion for such

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL. The following are the opening the highest and the lowest and the closing prices of the New York stock market today, as reported by Corson & Macartney, members New York stock exchange. Correspondents, Messrs. Moore & Schley, No. 80 Broadway.

Open. High. Low.
American Sugar. 120% 122% 120%
American Sagar, Pfd. 102% 102% 102%
American Tobacco. 80 80% 79%
American Cotton Oil. 16% 17 16%
Atchison. 16% 16% 16
Baltimore & Ohio. 16% 16% 16%
Bay State Gas. 16% 16% 16%
Canada Southern. 50 51 50 Atchison.
Baltimore & Ohio....
Bay State Gas.
Canada Southern.... 17% 30% 82 105 78 79 1774 Chicago, B. & Q. Sey.
Chicago, B. & Q. Sey.
Chicago & North western To.
Chicago Gas. 78%
C. M. & St. Paul. Pfd. 78
Chicago, R. I. & Pacific. 73
Convenidated Gas. 73 32% 83% 105% 78% 79% 73 74% 154% 157% 73 74% 154% 157% Consolidated Gas..... Del., Lack, & W.

American Spirits..... General Electric Illinois Central
Laclide Gas.
Lake Shore
Lousville & Nashville. 281, 152 52% 110% 100 27% 151 52 108 98 Michigan Central..... 25% 27% 90 National Lead Co. 27 % 90 National Lead Co., Pfd., National Lead Co., Pfd., New Jersey Central., New York Central., Northern Pacific, Pfd.,

25% 5% 15% 25% 31% 30 69% 9% 52% 12% 66% 24% 81% 159% 29% 69 9% 81% 11% 66% 17% 81 18 14 32 1 87 14 65 14 Western Union Tel.... Silver.....

Tenn. Coal and Iron ....

Union Pacific

Washington Stock Exchange. Sales—regular call—12 o'clock m.—Capital Traction, 15 at 61%; 15 at 61%. Washington Gas, 40 at 46%; 9 at 47%; 100 at 48; 100 at 48. Merrenthaler Lihotype, 2 at 135. After call—Metropolitan Railroad 6s, \$1,000 at 115.

District of Columbia Bonds.—20-year fund 5s, 103 bid. 30-year fund 6s, gold, 110 bid. Water stock 7s, 1901, currency, 110 bid. Water stock 7s, 1901, currency, 110 bid. Water stock 7s, 1903, currency, 111 bid. 3.65s, funding, currency, 103 bid.

78, 1901, currency, 110 bid. Water stock 78, 1905, currency, 111 bid. 3.65s, funding, currency, 103 bid.

Miscellaneous Bonds.—Metropolitan Railroad 5s, 103 bid. Metropolitan Railroad conv. 6s, 114 bid. Metropolitan Railroad certificates of indebtedness, 110 bid. Belt Railroad 5s, 85 asked. E-kington Railroad 6s, 95 asked. Columbia Railroad 6s, 112 asked. Washington Gas Company 6s, series A, 114 bid. Washington Gas Company 6s, series A, 115 bid. Chesapeake and Poteame Telephone 5s, 103 bid. American Security and Trust 5s, F. and A, 105 asked. American Security and Trust 5s, A, and O., 165 asked. Washington Market Company 1st 6s, 108 bid. Washington Market Company 1st 6s, 108 bid. Washington Market Company 1st 6s, 108 bid. Washington Market Company ext. 6s, 108 bid. Washington Market Company ext. 6s, 108 bid. Second. Hall Association 5s, 102 bid. National Bank Stocks.—Bank of Washington, 270 bid. Bank of the Republic, 240 bid. Metropolitan, 280 bid. Central, 270 bid. Farmers and Mechanics', 175 bid. Second, 121 bid, 133 asked. Citizens', 120 bid. Columbia, 120 bid. Capital, 114 bid. West End, 111 asked. Traders', 190 asked. Safe Deposit and Trust Companies.—National Sa.e Deposit and Trust, 112 bid, 125 asked. Washington Safe Deposit and Trust, 112 bid, 125 asked. Washington Safe Deposit, 55 bid. Railroad Stocks.—Capital Traction Company, 60 bid, 61y, asked. Metropolitan, 98 bid. 105 asked. Columbia, 50 bid. Belt, 20 asked. Eckington, 29 asked.

Sked, Gas and Electric Light Stocks.—Washington Gas, Gas and Electric Light Stocks. Washington Gas, 47 bid, 49 asked. Georgetown Gas, 4 obid. U. S. Electric Light, 93 bid. Georgetown Gas, 4 obid. U. S. Electric Light, 93 bid. Pranklin, 35 bid. Metropolitan, 65 bid. Potomac, 63 bid. Arlington, 125 bid. German-American, 150 bid. Arlington, 125 bid. German-American, 150 bid. National Union, 9 bid, 14 asked. Columbia, 115, bid. Riggs, 75 bid. People's, 5 bid. L'hacoln, 8 bid. Commercial, 6 asked.
Title Insurance Stocks.—Real Estate Title, 115 asked. Columbia Title, 75 asked. Washington Title, 75 asked. District Title, 10 asked.
Telephone Stocks.—Chesapeake and Potomac, 50 bid, 60 asked. American Graphophone, 65, bid, 8 asked. Pneumatic Gan Carriage, 11 asked.
Miccellanco is Stocks.—Mergenthaler Linotype, 130 bid, 185 asked. Lanston Monotype, 5 bid, 55, asked. Washington Market, 12 bid. Great Falls Ice, 130 asked. Lincoln Hall, 90 asked.

Pitcher Signed by Joyce. Hollie A. Sauder of Ohio has been signed

by Manager Joyce to pitch for the Giants next season. Sauder, who is a right-handed pitcher, did the twirling for a semi-professional team in Hornellsville, N. Y., last summer. Sauder's control of the ball it said to be equal to that of Mercer, Dad Clarke, Nichols or Dwyer,